

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

STOCK CODE : 7203
COMPANY NAME : WANG-ZHENG BERHAD
FINANCIAL YEAR : December 31, 2019

OUTLINE:

SECTION A – DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

SECTION B – DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

SECTION A – DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.1

The board should set the company's strategic aims, ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives and review management performance. The board should set the company's values and standards, and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and met.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Board is responsible for the oversight and overall management of the Group including assessing and agreeing with the Group's corporate objectives, and the goals and targets to be met by the Management.</p> <p>The Board has a formal schedule of matters reserved to itself for decision, which includes the overall Group strategy and direction, investment policy, major capital expenditures, consideration of significant financial matters and review of the financial and operating performance of the Group.</p> <p>The Management, including the Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer ("MD/CEO") and Executive Directors of the Company, is responsible for managing the day-to-day running of the business activities in accordance with the direction and delegation of the Board. The Management meets regularly to discuss and resolve operational issues. The MD/CEO briefs the Board on business performance and operations as well as the management initiatives during quarterly Board's meetings.</p> <p>The Board understands the principal risks of all aspects of the business that the Group is engaged in recognising that business decisions require the incurrence of risk. To achieve a proper balance between risks incurred and potential returns to shareholders, the Board ensures that there are in place systems that effectively monitor and manage these risks with a view to the long-term viability of the Group.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	

Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.

Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company’s leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.2

A Chairman of the board who is responsible for instilling good corporate governance practices, leadership and effectiveness of the board is appointed.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The roles of the Chairman and the MD/CEO are clearly defined and segregated, to ensure appropriate balance of power and authority, increased accountability and enhanced capacity of the Board for independent decision making. The Chairman are not related to the MD/CEO, and are responsible in leading the Board in the oversight and supervision of the Group’s management; whilst the MD/CEO is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group, making strategic business decision and implementing the Board’s policies and decisions.	
Explanation for departure	:		
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.3

The positions of Chairman and CEO are held by different individuals.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The positions of Chairman and MD/CEO of Wang-Zheng Berhad ("Wang-Zheng" or "the Company") are held by two different individuals. The Chairman, Mr Hui Lin Chit leads the Board in the oversight and supervision of the Group's management whereas the MD/CEO, Mr Goh Kheng Jiu is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group, making strategic business decision and implementing the Board's policies and decisions.</p> <p>The roles of Chairman and MD/CEO are segregated and clearly defined by their individual position descriptions. The distinct and separate roles of the Chairman and MD/CEO, with their clear division of responsibilities, ensure a balance of power and authority, such that no one individual has unfettered decision-making powers.</p> <p>The roles of the Chairman and Group CEO are defined in the Board Charter which is available on the Company's website at www.wangzhengberhad.com.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.4

The board is supported by a suitably qualified and competent Company Secretary to provide sound governance advice, ensure adherence to rules and procedures, and advocate adoption of corporate governance best practices.

Application	: Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	<p>The Board is assisted by two Company Secretaries who are qualified to act as company secretaries under Section 235(2) of the Companies Act 2016 ("the Act"). One of them is a member of Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (MAICSA) whilst the other is a Licensed Company Secretary (LS).</p> <p>During the financial year ended 31 December 2019 ("FY2019"), the Company Secretaries had performed the following tasks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Supported the Board and played an important role to facilitate the overall compliance with the Act, Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") ("MMLR") and other relevant laws and regulations by updating the Board at the Board meetings.(b) Assist the Board and Board Committees to function effectively and in accordance with their respective TOR and best practices and ensuring adherence to the existing Board policies and procedures.(c) Ensure the proper conduct of the meetings by managing all Board, Board Committees, shareholders' meeting logistics, attended the meetings and ensure that deliberations and decisions at the meetings are accurately minuted, including whether any director abstained from voting or deliberating on a particular matter and kept in the minutes books and subsequently communicated to the relevant party for necessary actions.(d) Manage processes pertaining to the annual shareholder meeting.(e) Served as a focal point for stakeholders' communication and engagement on corporate governance issues. <p>The roles and responsibilities of the Company Secretaries are set out in the Company's Board Charter, which is available on the Company's website at www.wangzhengberhad.com.</p>

	<p>The Company Secretaries had attended the necessary training programmes, conferences, seminars and/or forums organised by the Companies Commission of Malaysia (“CCM”), MAICSA, the Securities Commission Malaysia (“SC”) and Bursa Securities as well as in house training so as to keep themselves abreast with the latest changes in laws and regulatory requirements that are relevant to their profession and to provide the necessary advisory role to the Board.</p>	
<p>Explanation for departure</p>		
<p><i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i></p>		
<p>Measure</p>		
<p>Timeframe</p>		

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.5

Directors receive meeting materials, which are complete and accurate within a reasonable period prior to the meeting. Upon conclusion of the meeting, the minutes are circulated in a timely manner.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>Unless otherwise agreed, the Board papers comprising of due notice of issues to be discussed and supporting information and documentations were provided to the Board at least seven days before the date of the meeting. This is to ensure that the Directors are given sufficient time to read the Board papers and seek any clarification that they may need from Management or to consult the Company Secretaries or independent advisers before the Board Meetings, if necessary. This enables the Directors to discuss the issues effectively at the Board meetings.</p> <p>The Board has access to all information within the Company as a full Board to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities and is supplied in a timely basis with information and reports on financial, regulatory and audit matters by way of Board papers for informed decision making and meaningful discharge of its duties.</p> <p>All Directors have direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretaries who is responsible for ensuring the Board's meeting procedures are adhered to and that applicable rules and regulations are complied with. External advisers are invited to attend meetings to provide insights and professional views, advice and explanation on specific items on the meeting agenda, when required. Senior Management team from different business units will also be invited to participate in the Board meetings to enable all Board members to have equal access to the latest updates and developments of business operations of the Group presented by the Senior Management team. The Chairman of the Board Committees, namely, the Audit Committee ("AC"), Remuneration Committee ("RC") and Nomination Committee ("NC") briefs the Board on matters discussed as well as decisions taken at the meetings of their respective Board Committees meetings.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	

Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.

Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome

There is demarcation of responsibilities between the board, board committees and management.

There is clarity in the authority of the board, its committees and individual directors.

Practice 2.1

The board has a board charter which is periodically reviewed and published on the company's website. The board charter clearly identifies–

- the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, board committees, individual directors and management; and
- issues and decisions reserved for the board.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	As part of governance process, the Board has formalised and adopted the Board Charter. This Board Charter sets out the composition and balance, roles and responsibilities, operation and processes of the Board and is to ensure that all Board members acting on behalf of the Company are aware of their duties and responsibilities as Board members. The Board will periodically review the Board Charter and make any changes whenever necessary. The Board Charter is reviewed periodically as and when the need arises to ensure that the dynamic needs of the Group are consistently met. The details of the Board Charter are available for reference at the Company's website at www.wangzhengberhad.com .
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.1

The board establishes a Code of Conduct and Ethics for the company, and together with management implements its policies and procedures, which include managing conflicts of interest, preventing the abuse of power, corruption, insider trading and money laundering.

The Code of Conduct and Ethics is published on the company's website.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>A Code of Conducts and Ethics, setting out the standards of conduct expected from Directors and all employees of the Group has been formalised. The Code of Conduct and Ethics provides guidance for Directors and every employees regarding ethical and behavioural considerations and/or actions as they address their duties and obligations during the appointment.</p> <p>The Board will review the Code of Conduct and Ethics when necessary to ensure it remains relevant and appropriate. The details of the Code of Conduct and Ethics are available for reference at the Company's website at www.wangzhengberhad.com.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.2

The board establishes, reviews and together with management implements policies and procedures on whistleblowing.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Board has formalised a Whistle-blowing Policy, with the aim to provide an avenue for raising concerns related to possible breach of business conduct, non-compliance of laws and regulatory requirements as well as other malpractices.</p> <p>The main objectives of the policy are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Be committed to the Company's business ethics of honesty, integrity and transparency;(b) To provide a transparent and confidential process for all parties to give information on non-compliances to the Code of Conduct and Ethics, or any misconduct regardless of his or her position, to an independent party to investigate the allegations and take the appropriate actions; and(c) To uphold the moral duty being a Company by protecting the interest of all its stakeholders. <p>The details of the Whistle-blowing Policy are available for reference at the Company's website at www.wangzhengberhad.com.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.1

At least half of the board comprises independent directors. For Large Companies, the board comprises a majority independent directors.

Application	:	Departure															
Explanation on application of the practice	:																
Explanation for departure	:	<p>The current Board comprised of eleven (11) principal Directors with four being Independent Non-Executive Directors (“INED”).</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Designation</th><th>Number of Directors</th><th>Percentage (%)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Executive Directors</td><td>4</td><td>36.36</td></tr><tr><td>INED</td><td>4</td><td>36.36</td></tr><tr><td>Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors (NINED”)</td><td>3</td><td>27.28</td></tr><tr><td>Total</td><td>11</td><td>100.00</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>The Board is in compliance with Chapter 15.02 of the MMLR, which requires that at least two Directors or one-third of the Board of the Company, whichever is the higher, are INED.</p> <p>The Board is mindful that it does not comprise at least half of INED as it is of the view that the present INED, with the breadth of professional background, have enabled the Board to exercise objective judgement on various issues through their sharing of impartial, objective and unbiased opinions and viewpoints.</p> <p>Although, the current Board’s composition does not comply with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance’s (“CG”) (“MCCG”) recommendation of at least half of the Board should be Independent Directors. The Board is of the view that there is balance of power and authority exists within its current structure to sufficiently enable it to discharge its duties objective as the INED of the Company has play a key role in providing unbiased and independent views, advice and contributing their knowledge and experience toward the formulation of policies and in the decision-making process. Further, all the INED are independent from the MD/CEO, Executive Directors, Management and major shareholders of the Company, and are free from any business or other relationship with the Group that could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement. This offers a strong check and balance on the Board’s deliberations.</p>	Designation	Number of Directors	Percentage (%)	Executive Directors	4	36.36	INED	4	36.36	Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors (NINED”)	3	27.28	Total	11	100.00
Designation	Number of Directors	Percentage (%)															
Executive Directors	4	36.36															
INED	4	36.36															
Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors (NINED”)	3	27.28															
Total	11	100.00															

	Nevertheless, the Board will undertake a review on its Board's composition and may consider appointing more INED to the Board.	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	Please explain the measure(s) the company has taken or intend to take to adopt the practice.
Timeframe	:	Choose an item.

Intended Outcome

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.2

The tenure of an independent director does not exceed a cumulative term limit of nine years. Upon completion of the nine years, an independent director may continue to serve on the board as a non-independent director.

If the board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine years, it should justify and seek annual shareholders' approval. If the board continues to retain the independent director after the twelfth year, the board should seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

Application	:	Applied - Two Tier Voting
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>During the FY2019, the following INED have served the Board for more than twelve (12) years since their appointment and/or election as Directors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Maj Gen Dato' Pahlawan Dr Mohana Dass A/L Ramasamy (Rtd)(b) Loo Choo Hong(c) Ch'ng Eng Hing(d) Low Yu Keat <p>Following an assessment and recommendation by the NC, the INED listed above have been recommended by the Board to continue to act as INED, subject to the shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.3 - Step Up

The board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

Intended Outcome

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.4

Appointment of board and senior management are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.

Application	: Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	<p>The Board recognises the importance of boardroom diversity and values the benefits that diversity can bring to its board of directors.</p> <p>The Board also recognises that having a range of different skills, backgrounds, experience and diversity is essential to ensure a broad range of viewpoints to facilitate optimal decision making and effective governance.</p> <p>The Board aims to have a broad range of approaches, backgrounds, skills and experience represented on the Board and to make appointments on merit, and against objective criteria, with due regard given to the benefits of diversity on the Board, including gender, age ethnicity.</p> <p>The NC was tasked with the responsibility for identifying, assessing and recommending the right candidates to the Board as well as reviewing and assessing the composition and performance of the Board. In making its recommendations, the NC will consider, among others, the mix of skills, knowledge, experience, diversity (including gender diversity), background, integrity, competence, time commitment and independence in order to meet the operational objectives, strategic goals and business requirements of the Group.</p> <p>During the FY2019, the diversity for the Board and Senior Management are as follows:</p> <p><u>Board of Directors</u> Gender: Male (9); Female (2) Age: 31-40 (2), 41-50 (2); 51-60 (2); 61 & above (5) Ethnicity: Malay (0); Chinese (10); Indian (1); others (0)</p> <p><u>Senior Management</u> Gender: Male (8); Female (1) Age: 31-40 (0); 41-50 (1); 51-60 (7); 61 & above (1) Ethnicity: Malay (0); Chinese (9); Indian (0); others (0)</p> <p>Having assessed the size, composition and diversity of the Board annually, the NC and the Board confirmed that the existing Board's composition has the requisite competencies and capacity to effectively discharge its functions and responsibilities.</p>

Explanation for departure :		
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.5

The board discloses in its annual report the company's policies on gender diversity, its targets and measures to meet those targets. For Large Companies, the board must have at least 30% women directors.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Company has adopted a Board Diversity Policy on 17 June 2020 which provides a framework for the Company to improve its gender diversity at Board level.</p> <p>The Company acknowledges the importance to promote gender diversity at Board level and will actively work towards having more female Directors on the Board. However, to avoid any mismatch and ineffective appointment of the female Directors, the Company does not set any specific target for female Directors in this policy will take the necessary measures and actively work towards having more female Directors on the Board.</p> <p>Currently, our Board members comprise of two female directors. The Company will increase female representation on the Board if appropriate candidates are available when Board vacancies arise.</p> <p>The Boardroom Diversity Policy is published on the Company's website at www.wangzhengberhad.com.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	
<p><i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i></p>		
Measure	:	Please explain the measure(s) the company has taken or intend to take to adopt the practice.
Timeframe	:	Choose an item.

Intended Outcome

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.6

In identifying candidates for appointment of directors, the board does not solely rely on recommendations from existing board members, management or major shareholders. The board utilises independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates.

Application	:	Departure
Explanation on application of the practice	:	
Explanation for departure	:	<p>The Board does not appoint external parties to identify suitably qualified candidates during the recruitment process.</p> <p>Where a need has been identified, the NC shall entask the Company's Chairman or MD/CEO:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • to search/recommend for potential candidates from within the Company; or • engage its Human Resources Department to advertise (whether locally or internationally); or • appoint recruitment advisers; or • draw references and recommendations from the fellow directors of the Company. <p>The Company's Chairman or MD/CEO:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shall develop short list of all potential candidates taking into account, amongst other things, the particular skills, experience and contribution to diversity of each individual candidate and their fit with the existing Board; whereby women candidates would be encouraged to join; and • recommend to the NC the candidate from the short list who best matches the needs of the Board. <p>The NC will assess, review and deliberate and thereafter, present their recommendations to the Board for consideration and approval.</p>
<p><i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i></p>		
Measure	:	Please explain the measure(s) the company has taken or intend to take to adopt the practice.

Timeframe	:	Choose an item.	
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Intended Outcome

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.7

The Nominating Committee is chaired by an Independent Director or the Senior Independent Director.

Application	:	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:	The present members of the NC of the Company are: (a) Sze Man Bok, Chairman (NINED) (b) Ch'ng Eng Hing, Member (INED) (c) Low Yu Keat (INED)	
		Although the Chairman of the NC is a NINED, but it has comprised with majority of INED which offers a strong check and balance during the deliberations. Nevertheless, the Board will undertake a review and may consider to restructure the composition of the NC in compliance with the MCCG's recommendation.	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Stakeholders are able to form an opinion on the overall effectiveness of the board and individual directors.

Practice 5.1

The board should undertake a formal and objective annual evaluation to determine the effectiveness of the board, its committees and each individual director. The board should disclose how the assessment was carried out and its outcome.

For Large Companies, the board engages independent experts periodically to facilitate objective and candid board evaluations.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>During the FY2019, the NC facilitated by the Company Secretaries had conducted an assessment of the Board performance as a whole, the Board Committees and individual Directors. The assessment covers the size and composition of the Board as well as skill mix, industry experience, roles and responsibilities, and effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and individual directors as a whole based on a set of questionnaires and rating system.</p> <p>Below are the criteria used to assess Board, Board Committees and individual Directors respectively during the financial year:</p> <p>(a) Directors' self-assessment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• ability to give input at meetings;• ability to demonstrate a high level of professionalism and integrity in the decision making process; and• competency and contribution. <p>(b) Board and Board Committees' assessment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• contributions to interactions, knowledge and integrity;• oversight over the effectiveness and quality of the internal and external audits, risk management and internal control and financial reporting; and• governance, independence, ability to discharge roles and duties as well as contribution to the Company. <p>The NC has adopted the same criteria of "Independence" used in the definition of "independent directors" prescribed under the MMLR.</p> <p>The results of the assessments are compiled by the Company Secretary for deliberation and recommendation at NC meeting and the NC will subsequently table the matter to the Board for their consideration.</p>

	<p>The Board had undertaken the annual evaluation of itself, its committees and each individual director for FY2019. The Board was satisfied with the outcome of the evaluation and was of the view that the internal evaluation was adequate to determine the overall effectiveness of the Board and individual directors.</p> <p>The Board recognises that it is important that all Directors should be able to dedicate sufficient time to the Company to discharge their responsibilities.</p>	
Explanation for departure :		
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 6.1

The board has in place policies and procedures to determine the remuneration of directors and senior management, which takes into account the demands, complexities and performance of the company as well as skills and experience required. The policies and procedures are periodically reviewed and made available on the company's website.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The RC is authorised by the Board to establish a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on executive remuneration and for fixing the remuneration packages of individual Directors.</p> <p>The Board believes in a remuneration policy that fairly supports the Directors' responsibilities and fiduciary duties in steering the Group to achieve its long-term goals and enhance shareholders' value. The Board's offers a competitive remuneration package in order to attract, develop and retain talented individuals to serve as directors.</p> <p>The RC's principal objective is to evaluate, deliberate and recommend to the Board a remuneration policy for Executive Directors that is fairly guided by market norms and industry practice. The RC also recommends the Executive Directors' remuneration and benefits based on their individual performances and that of the Group.</p> <p>The determination of the remuneration for Non-Executive Directors ("NED") is a matter of the Board as a whole. The level of remuneration for NED reflects the amount paid by other comparable organisations, adjusted for the experience and levels of responsibilities undertaken by the particular NED concerned. The remuneration package of NED will be a matter to be deliberated by the Board, with the Director concerned abstaining from deliberations and voting on deliberations in respect of his individual remuneration. In addition, the Company also reimburses reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by all the NED in the course of their duties as Directors of the Company. The aggregate annual Directors' fees and other benefits payable are to be approved by shareholders at the AGM based on recommendations of the Board.</p> <p>The remuneration components of key Senior Management shall consist of basic salary, performance based bonus, benefits-in-kind and other incentives (where applicable). The remuneration of key senior management is determined at a level which enables the Company to attract, develop and retain high performing and talented individual with</p>

	the relevant experience, level of expertise and responsibilities and is structured so as to link rewards to individual and corporate performance.	
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 6.2

The board has a Remuneration Committee to implement its policies and procedures on remuneration including reviewing and recommending matters relating to the remuneration of board and senior management.

The Committee has written Terms of Reference which deals with its authority and duties and these Terms are disclosed on the company's website.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>In line with the best practices of MCCG, the Board has set up a RC which comprises majority of INED in order to assist the Board for determining the remuneration of Directors' and Senior Management.</p> <p>Amongst the RC's functions and duties outlined in its TOR are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) To review and recommend to the Board the framework of remuneration of the Executive Directors and Principal Officers, taking into account the performance of the individual, the inflation price index and information from independent sources on the rates of salary for similar jobs in selected group of comparable companies.(b) To review and determine the annual salary increment, performance bonus, and short term/long term incentives (including share grant and bonus) for Executive Directors and Principal Officers depending on various performance measurements of the Group.(c) To review and determine the other benefits in kind for the Executive Directors and Principal Officers.(d) To review the Group's compensation policy and ensure alignment of compensation to corporate performance, and compensation offered in line with market practice.(e) To recommend the engagement of external professional advisors to assist and/or advise the Committee and the Board, on remuneration matters, where necessary. <p>The present members of the RC are as follows:</p>

	<p>(a) Hui Lin Chit, Chairman (NINE Chairman)</p> <p>(b) Maj Gen Dato' Pahlawan Dr Mohana Dass A/L Ramasamy, Member (Senior INED)</p> <p>(c) Low Yu Keat, Member (INED)</p> <p>The TOR of the RC can be viewed at the Company's website at www.wangzhengberhad.com.</p>
Explanation for departure	:
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>	
Measure	:
Timeframe	:

Intended Outcome

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.1

There is detailed disclosure on named basis for the remuneration of individual directors. The remuneration breakdown of individual directors includes fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The details of the Directors' Remuneration on a named basis and paid by the Company and its subsidiaries (including the components of directors' fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments) during the FY2019 are disclosed in the CG Overview Statement of the Company's Annual Report 2019 ("AR").	
Explanation for departure	:		
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.2

The board discloses on a named basis the top five senior management's remuneration component including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in bands of RM50,000.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The details of the total remuneration received by the top five senior management in bands width of RM50,000 are set out in the AR.	
Explanation for departure	:		
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.3 - Step Up

Companies are encouraged to fully disclose the detailed remuneration of each member of senior management on a named basis.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

Intended Outcome

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations.

The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.1

The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the board.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The roles of the Chairman of the Board and the Chairman of the AC are assumed by different Directors.</p> <p>The Chairman of the Board is Mr Hui Lin Chit while the Chairman of the AC is Mr Loo Choo Hong.</p>	
Explanation for departure	:		
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations.
The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.2

The Audit Committee has a policy that requires a former key audit partner to observe a cooling-off period of at least two years before being appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Company recognised the need to uphold independence of its external auditors and that no possible conflict of interest whatsoever should arise. Currently, none of the members of the Board nor the AC of the Company were former key audit partners of the external auditors appointed by the Group. The Company will observe a cooling-off period of at least two years in the event any potential candidate to be appointed as a member of the AC was a key audit partner of the external auditors of the Group.</p> <p>None of the members of the AC was a former key audit partner during the FY2019.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations.
The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.3

The Audit Committee has policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditor.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Company has established a transparent arrangement with the auditors to meet their professional requirements. From time to time, the auditors highlight to the AC and Board of Directors on matters that require the Board's attention.</p> <p>The AC is responsible for reviewing the audit, recurring audit-related and non-audit services provided by the external auditors, Messrs UHY ("UHY"). The AC has been explicitly accorded the power to communicate directly with both the external auditors and internal auditors. The terms of engagement for services provided by the external auditors are reviewed by the AC prior to submission to the Board for approval. The effectiveness and performance of the external auditors are reviewed annually by the AC.</p> <p>In assess or determine the suitability and independence of the external auditors, the AC has taken into consideration of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) The adequacy of the experience and resources of the external auditors.(b) The external auditor's ability to meet deadlines in providing services and responding to issues in a timely manner as contemplated in the external audit plan.(c) The nature of the non-audit services provided by the external auditors and fees paid for such services relative to the audit fee.(d) Whether there are safeguards in place to ensure that there is no threat to the objectivity and independence of the audit arising from the provision of non-audit services or tenure of the external auditors. <p>After the review, the AC was satisfied with the suitability of UHY based on their quality of audit, performance, competency and sufficiency of resources the external audit team provided to the Group. The AC was also satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services provided by UHY to the Company for the FY2019 did not in any way impair their objectivity and independence as external auditors of the Company.</p>

	Having taken into consideration of the above, the Board, through the AC is of the view that the external auditors are independent and suitably qualified to act.	
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations.
The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.4 - Step Up

The Audit Committee should comprise solely of Independent Directors.

Application	:	Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	<p>The AC consists of three members, who are all INED.</p> <p>The members of the AC are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Loo Choo Hong, Chairman (INED)(b) Maj Gen Dato' Pahlawan Dr Mohana Dass A/L Ramasamy, Member (Senior INED)(c) Low Yu Keat, Member (INED) <p>All the three INED have satisfied the independence test based on the criteria set out in the MMLR.</p>

Intended Outcome

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.5

Collectively, the Audit Committee should possess a wide range of necessary skills to discharge its duties. All members should be financially literate and are able to understand matters under the purview of the Audit Committee including the financial reporting process.

All members of the Audit Committee should undertake continuous professional development to keep themselves abreast of relevant developments in accounting and auditing standards, practices and rules.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>Members of the AC come from a diverse background and collectively, possess a wide range of necessary skills to discharge its duties to be able to understand matters under the purview of the AC including the financial reporting process.</p> <p>During the year, members of the AC were guided on the significant accounting issues highlighted in the Audit Planning Memorandum and briefed by the external auditors on financial reporting and other updates.</p> <p>The Quarterly Interim Financial Reports are briefed to members of the AC and discussed and deliberated amongst the members before the said Report is recommended to be tabled to the Board for approval.</p> <p>The AC members have attended training programmes to keep abreast of relevant industry issues, market development and trends including accounting and auditing standards to enable them to sustain their active participation in the functions of the AC.</p> <p>Details of the training and seminars attended by the Directors during the FY2019 are set out in the CG Overview Statement in the AR of the Company.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		

Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.1

The board should establish an effective risk management and internal control framework.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Board is fully aware of its overall responsibility of continually maintaining a sound system of internal control, which covers not only financial controls but also operational and compliance controls as well as risk management, and the need to review its effectiveness regularly in order to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Company's assets. The internal control system is designed to access current and emerging risks and respond appropriately to the risks encountered.</p> <p>As an effort to enhance the system of internal control, the Board together with the assistance of external professional internal audit firm adopted on-going monitoring and review the existing risk management process in place within the various business operations, with the aim of formalising the risk management functions across the Group. This function also acts as a source to assist the AC and the Board to strengthen and improve current management and operating style in pursuit of best practices.</p> <p>As an ongoing process, significant business risks faced by the Group are identified and evaluated and consideration is given on the potential impact of achieving the business objectives. This includes examining principal business risks in critical areas, assessing the likelihood of material exposures and identifying the measures taken to mitigate, avoid or eliminate these risks.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	
<p><i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i></p>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.2

The board should disclose the features of its risk management and internal control framework, and the adequacy and effectiveness of this framework.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Board has an established ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks encountered by the Company in accordance to the Guidance for Directors of Public Listed Companies on Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control ("SORMIC"). Risk management is an integral part of the business operations and this process goes through a review process by the Board. Discussions have been conducted during the year involving different levels of managements to identify and address risks faced by the Group. These risks were summarised and included in the Group's risk management report. The Group has an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group throughout the financial year under review and up to the date of approval of this statement for inclusion in the AR by the Management. This is to ensure that all high risks are adequately addressed at various levels within the Group.</p> <p>The Board regards risk management as an integral part of the Group's business operations and has oversight over this critical area through the AC. The AC, supported by the internal auditor, provides an independent assessment of the effectiveness of the Group's Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") framework and reports to the Board. The Group's ERM framework is consistent with the ERM framework and involves systematically identifying, analysing, measuring, monitoring and reporting on the risks that may affect the achievement of its business objectives. This framework helps to reduce the uncertainties surrounding the Group's internal and external environment, thus allowing it to maximise opportunities and minimise adverse incidences that may arise. The major risks to which the Group is exposed to includes strategic, operational, regulatory, financial, market, technological, products and reputational risks.</p> <p>The ERM process is based on the following principles:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Consider and manage risks enterprise-wide;• Integrate risk management into business activities;• Manage risk in accordance with the Risk Management framework;

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tailor responses to business circumstances; and • Communicate risks and responses to Management. <p>All identified risks are displayed on a one to three risk matrix based on their risk ranking to assist Management in prioritising their efforts and appropriately managing the different classes of risks. The Board and Management drive a pro-active risk management culture and regular risk awareness and coaching sessions are held to ensure that the Group's employees have a good understanding and application of risk management principles. There is no dedicated ERM department, however the Executive Director and Head of Finance who works closely with the Group's operational managers are continuously to strengthen the risk management initiatives within the Group so that it responds effectively to the constantly changing business environment and is thus able to protect and enhance shareholder value.</p> <p>The Board recognises the importance of ERM in enhancing shareholder value while upholding a high standard of corporate governance. Combining a strong and sustained commitment from the Board and Senior Management with a clear direction and oversight from all levels of leadership, the Group embraces a holistic risk management approach to achieve its business targets with minimal surprises.</p> <p>Risk management policies and practices form part of Wang-Zheng's overall strategies to chart positive growth in today's rapidly evolving business environment. The Board continues to ensure that risk management is effectively institutionalised and its risk maturity level is elevated. This is achieved via a multitude of ERM initiatives clustered into key strategic areas, as part of the Group's efforts to ensure smooth ERM practice on the ground coupled with continuous tracking and monitoring of risks and controls. It also strengthens its risk culture and practice, harmonise its risks and risk appetites at the operational level wherever possible.</p>
Explanation for departure :	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>	
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Intended Outcome

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.3 - Step Up

The board establishes a Risk Management Committee, which comprises a majority of independent directors, to oversee the company's risk management framework and policies.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

Intended Outcome

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 10.1

The Audit Committee should ensure that the internal audit function is effective and able to function independently.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Internal Audit firm appointed by the Company is independent of activities related to business operations and performs its duties in accordance with standards set by relevant professional bodies, namely Institute of Internal Auditors.</p> <p>Internal audit provides independent assessment on the effectiveness and efficiency of internal controls utilizing a global audit methodology and tool to support the corporate governance framework and an efficient and effective risk management framework to provide assurance to the AC.</p> <p>The AC approves the internal audit plan during the first AC meeting each year. Any subsequent changes to the internal audit plan are approved by the AC. The scope of internal audit covers the audits of all units and operations, including subsidiaries as stated in the letter of engagement.</p> <p>Based on the works done by the internal auditors during the financial under review, the AC and the Board are satisfied with the performance of the outsourced internal auditors and agree that the internal audit review was done in accordance with the audit plan and the coverage is adequate.</p>	
Explanation for departure	:		
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 10.2

The board should disclose–

- whether internal audit personnel are free from any relationships or conflicts of interest, which could impair their objectivity and independence;
- the number of resources in the internal audit department;
- name and qualification of the person responsible for internal audit; and
- whether the internal audit function is carried out in accordance with a recognised framework.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Group has appointed an established external professional Internal Audit firm namely Smart Focus Group Sdn. Bhd., headed by the Assurance Division Director, Mr. Lee Fook Sun (“Mr. Lee”), who graduated from Australia with a Bachelor of Commerce and a Masters in Accountancy. He is also a member of MIA and CPA Australia as well as a professional member of the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysian. He has vast experience and exposure in the internal audit field. He was assisted by three other internal auditors in this assignment during the financial year under review. The internal audit activities were reported directly to the AC based on the approved annual Internal Audit Plan. The approved annual Internal Audit Plan is designed to cover entities across all level of operations within the Group.</p> <p>The internal audit firm appointed by the Company is independent of activities related to business operations and performs its duties in accordance with standards set by relevant professional bodies, namely Institute of Internal Auditors.</p> <p>The internal audit firm adopts a risk based approach and prepares its audit plan based on the risk profiles from the risk assessment of the business units of the Group. Scheduled internal audits are carried out based on the annual audit plan approved by the AC. On a quarterly basis, the internal audit firm presents the AC with the Internal Audit Reports.</p> <p>The internal auditors also periodically reports on the activities performed, key strategic and control issues observed by internal audit to the AC in order to preserve its independence. The AC reviews and approves internal audit’s annual budget, remuneration, audit plan and human resources requirements to ensure the function maintains an adequate number of internal auditors with sufficient knowledge, skills and experience. Internal audit adopts the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing of The Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA), the definition of Internal Auditing, Code of Ethics, Practices and Framework in order to ensure standardisation and</p>

	<p>consistency in providing assurance on the adequacy, integrity and effectiveness of the Group’s overall system of internal controls, risk management and governance. Internal audit has aligned its current internal audit practices with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO – USA Standard) and The Criteria of Control Board (COCO - Canadian Standard)’s Internal Controls – Integrated Framework. Using this framework, all internal control assessments performed by internal auditors are based on the internal control elements, scope and coverage. Internal auditors continue to adopt the risk-based audit plan to ensure the programmes carried out are prioritised based on the Group’s key risks and core or priority areas. Input from various sources inclusive of the Enterprise Risk Management Framework, business plan, past audit issues, external auditors, Management and Board are gathered, assessed and prioritised to derive the annual audit plan.</p>	
<p>Explanation for departure</p>		
<p><i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i></p>		
<p>Measure</p>		
<p>Timeframe</p>		

Intended Outcome

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 11.1

The board ensures there is effective, transparent and regular communication with its stakeholders.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>The Board recognises the need for transparency and accountability to the Company's shareholders as well as regular communication with its shareholders, stakeholders and investors on the performance and major developments in the Company. The Company ensures that timely releases of the quarterly financial results, press releases and corporate announcements are made to its shareholders and investors, which are clear, unambiguous, succinct, accurate and contains sufficient and relevant information.</p> <p>In order to maintain its commitment of effective communication with shareholders, the Group embraced the practice of comprehensive, timely and continuing disclosures of information to its shareholders as well as the general investing public.</p> <p>The practice of disclosure of information is not established just to comply with the requirements of MMLR, but also to adopt the best practices recommended in the MCCG with regard to strengthening engagement and communication with shareholders.</p> <p>The Group also endeavours to provide additional disclosures of information on a voluntary basis, where necessary. The Management believes that consistently maintaining a high level of disclosure and extensive communication is vital to shareholders and investors in making informed investment decisions.</p>
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	

Timeframe	:		
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Intended Outcome

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 11.2

Large companies are encouraged to adopt integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework.

Application	:	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:	Non-applicable for the Company.	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.1

Notice for an Annual General Meeting should be given to the shareholders at least 28 days prior to the meeting.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	<p>As recommended by the MCCG, the notice of AGM will be despatched to shareholders at least twenty eight (28) days before the AGM, to allow shareholders to have additional time to go through the Annual Report and make the necessary participation and voting arrangements.</p> <p>The notice of 17th AGM outlines the resolutions to be tabled in the AGM together with explanatory notes and background information on enable the shareholders to make informed decisions in exercising their voting rights.</p>	
Explanation for departure	:		
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.2

All directors attend General Meetings. The Chair of the Audit, Nominating, Risk Management and other committees provide meaningful response to questions addressed to them.

Application	:	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:	At the Sixteenth (16th) AGM of the Company held on 30 May 2019, majority of Directors were present in person to engage directly with shareholders, and be accountable for their stewardship of the Company.	
		The Board took note that the presence of all directors will provide opportunity for shareholders to effectively engage each director. As such, barring unforeseen circumstances, all Directors as well as the Chairman of respective Board Committees will present at the forthcoming AGM of the Company to enable the shareholders to raise questions and concerns directly to those responsible.	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.3

Listed companies with a large number of shareholders or which have meetings in remote locations should leverage technology to facilitate–

- including voting in absentia; and
- remote shareholders’ participation at General Meetings.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	In line with the Government’s initiative to curb the spread of Covid19 and Securities Commission’s Guidance Note, the Group will conduct its 17th AGM on a virtual basis through live streaming and online remote voting.
Explanation for departure	:	
<i>Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</i>		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

**SECTION B – DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PURSUANT
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA**

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

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